

Quarter 2 Performance Report 01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024



2024/25

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

Our Indicators focus on incidents and fires attended by Tyne and Wear Fire and Rescue Service and a number of other corporate indicators. These indicators are managed, analysed and reported on throughout the year this work helps Tyne and Wear Fire and Rescue Service deliver:-

Our Vision

"Creating the Safest Community"

Our Mission

"To Save Life, Reduce Risk, Provide Humanitarian Services and Protect the Environment"

Our Strategic Goals





Efficiency



People

TWFRS 2025 Programme

To help us achieve our Vision and Strategic Goals, the Service has developed the TWFRS 2025 Programme that drives and directs Service transformation over a five year period. There are three strategic priorities of this programme:







Enhancing our use of Digital and Data

2024/25

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

Our Local indicators focus on incidents and fires attended by Tyne and Wear Fire and Rescue Service. These include fire related fatalities, casualties from those fires and response times to those fires, dwelling fires, false alarms and a number of other indicators.

The data contained in this report was ran on 15/10/2024.

Q2 Operational Performance highlights compared with Q2 2023/24:

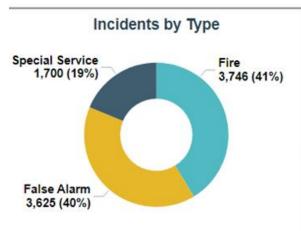
- 9,071 incidents attended, this is a decrease of 2% (142), (LI32).
- Injuries from all fires increased by 3% (62 to 64) (LI05).
- Injuries from accidental dwelling fires increased by 1 (13) (LI03).
- 4 of the injuries from accidental dwelling fires were caused by Cooker incl. oven. (LI03).
- Females accounted for 62% of the injuries from accidental dwelling fires.
- There was a decrease of 6.4% (15) accidental dwelling fires (LI08).
- An alarm was present in 87% of accidental dwelling fires.
- In 69% of accidental dwelling fires the alarm activated.
- There was a 1% (30) decrease in deliberate fires (LI33).
- Non domestic fires have increased by 22% (22) from 98 in 2023/24 to 120 in 2024/25.
- False alarms in domestic premises (LI23) have increased by 2% (35) and false alarms in non-domestic premises have increased by 1% (8).
- Special Services have reduced by 9% from 1876 in 2023/24 to 1700 in 2024/25.
- 20 attacks on Firefighters, a reduction of 8 from Q2 2023/24.
- A total of 14,059 Home Safety Engagements were carried out, an increase of 2443 (21%).
- The overall average response time was 5 minutes 39 seconds, this is two seconds slower than in Q2 2023/24.
- Pumping appliances were available 95.6% of the time during Q2, this compares to 96.6% in Q2 2023/24.
- 735 Fire Safety Audits carried out, 49% of yearly target.
- 31 Prohibition Notices were served in Q2.

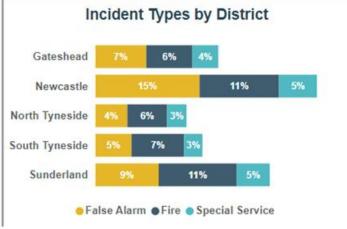
TWFRS Performance Against Targets

Deaths from Accidental Dwelling Fires (LI01)	Deaths from all Fires (LI02)	Injuries from Accidental Dwelling Fires (LI03)	Injuries from all Fires (LI05)
O	3	13	64
Target: 0	Target: 0	Target: 12 (+8.3%)	Target: 62 (+3.2%)
Accidental Fires in Dwellings (Ll08)	Accidental Kitchen Fires in Dwellings (Ll09)	Accidental Non Kitchen Fires in Dwellings (LI10)	Deliberate Secondary Fires (LI16)
221	129	92	2,242
Target: 231 (-4.3%)	Target: 126 (+2.4%)	Target: 102 (-9.8%)	Target: 2,859 (-21.6%)
Deliberate Refuse Fires (LI18)	Malicious False Alarms Attended (LI21)	AFA's to Non Domestic premises (LI22)	AFA's to Domestic premises (LI23)
1,510	71	790	1,755
Target: 1,619 (-6.7%)	Target: 86 (-17.4%)	Target: 753 (+4.9%)	Target: 1,351 (+29.9%)
Total Fires Attended (LI24)	Primary Fires (LI29)	Total Incidents (LI32)	Fires in Non Domestic premises (LI35)
3,746	910	9,071	120
Target: 4,623 (-19%)	Target: 888 (+2.5%)		Target: 91 (+31.9%)

TWFRS Performance Summary

Fires						F	False Alarms								1	Special Service									
<u>6</u>	3	,7	46			1	Ļ		•••	3	,	3,0	62	5		1	1			3	1	,70	0		1
Previous	3	3,79	93		-	1 9	6		Prev	rious		3,	544	4		2	%		Prev	ious	1	,87	6		-9 %
Total Inci	den	its						F	ire	Inju	ırie	s						F	Fire Fatalities						
	9	,0	71			1	-		0	4		6	64			1			•			3			\leftrightarrow
Previous	Ç	9,2	13			2 %	6		Prev	rious		(62			3	%		Prev	ious		3			0
Accident	al D	we	lling	g Fi	res			0	Deliberate Fires					ı	Non Domestic Fires										
221					2,706						- 3			104	1		1								
Previous		23	6		-	6 %	6		Prev	rious		2,	736	6		-1	%		Prev	ious		79			32 %
Day & Hour	Incidents by Time of Day Day & Hour 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23																								
Monday Tuesday	33 35	46 36	2 28 32	31 25	30 16	16 29	19 12		24 42	9 26 23	10 29 48	37 45	48 28	45	-	73 72	79 77	17 98 86	18 122 108	19 125 118	92 109	- C 70			
Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday	40 38 41	33 31 38	34 32 27 32	22 30 23	20 29 18	13 21 21	18 20 20	22 26	23 32 26 25	30 23 36	46 32 41	39 33 36	45 50 32	44 41 43	51 52 66	50 51 55	69 64 65	88 75 101	103 99 79	143 109 125	94 92 117	108	70 78	40 71	
Sunday	49 65	38	39	30	34	19 23	21 22	26 32	23	38	39	52 56	51 65	58 53	70 72	69 68	103	97	101	124 131	126	90 83		70 44	

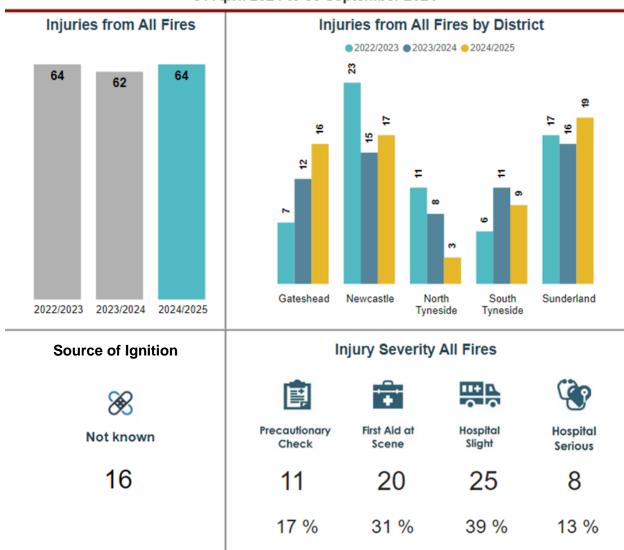




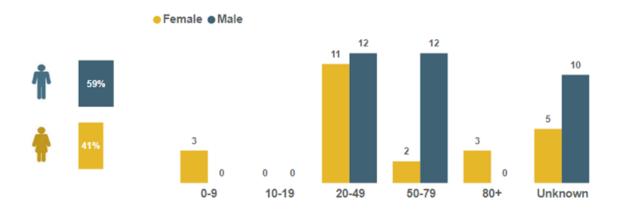
Injuries from all Fires

Including first aid and precautionary checks

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

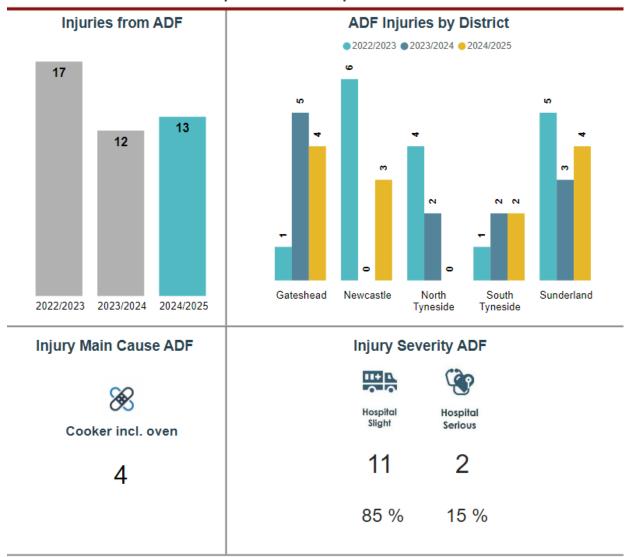


Victim Age / Gender All Fires

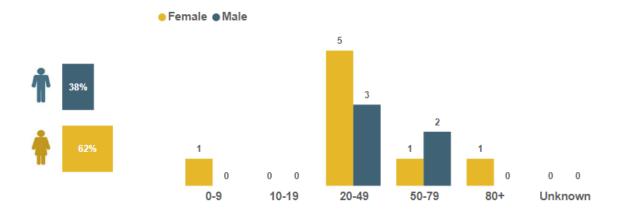


Injuries from Accidental Dwelling Fires (ADF) Excluding first aid and precautionary checks

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

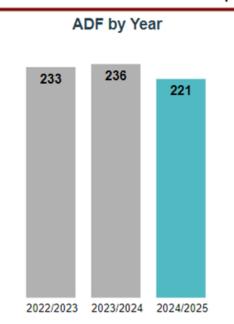


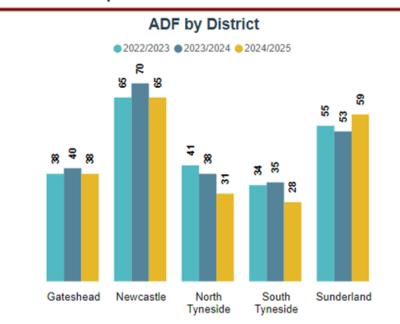
Victim Age / Gender ADF Injuries



Accidental Dwelling Fires (ADF)

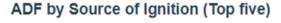
01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

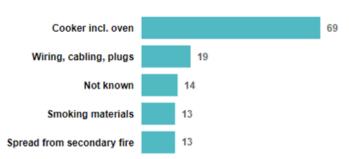




ADF by Main FRS Action (Top five)

FRS Main Action	Count
Hosereel (high pressure) (HRJ) - tank supply only	88
No firefighting	68
Removal from/of heat source	14
Water - domestic supply	8
Disconnection of fuel supply	7





Alarm Detection and Actuation



Alarm Present

87%



Alarm Activated

69%

Human Factors



Distraction

15%



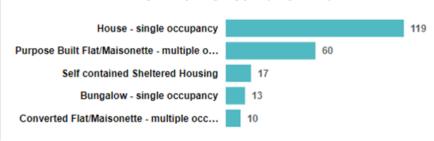
Falling asleep / asleep

6%

ADF by Property Tenure

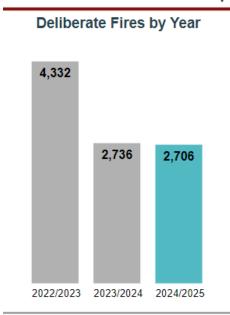


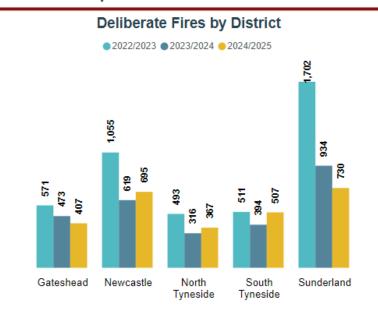
ADF by Property Type (Top five)



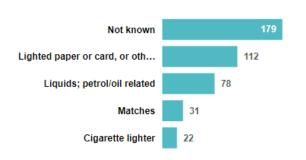
Deliberate Fires

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

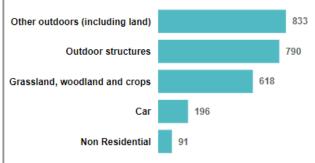




Deliberate Fires by Ignition Source (Top five)

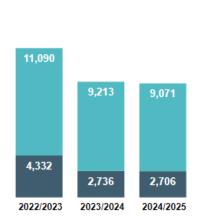


Deliberate Fires by Property Type (Top five)

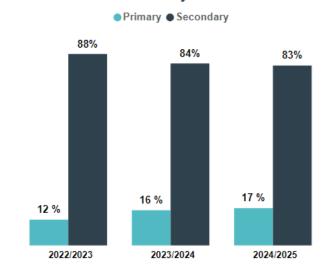


Deliberate Fires Compared to All Incidents

● Total Deliberate ● Total Incidents



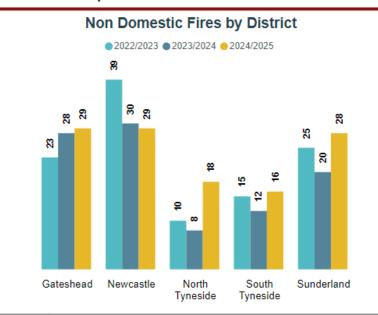
Deliberate Fires by Classification



Non Domestic Fires

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024





NDF Main Cause (Top five)

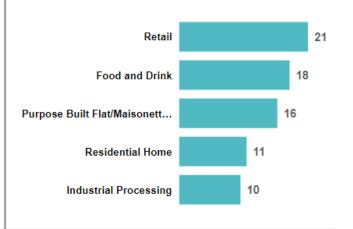
2024/2025

2023/2024

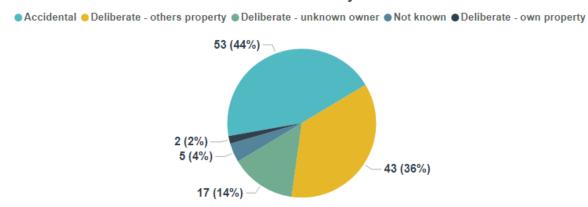
2022/2023

Main Fire Cause	Count
Heat source and combustibles brought together deliberately	61
Fault in equipment or appliance	14
Overheating, unknown cause	10
Faulty fuel supply - electricity	8
Other	8

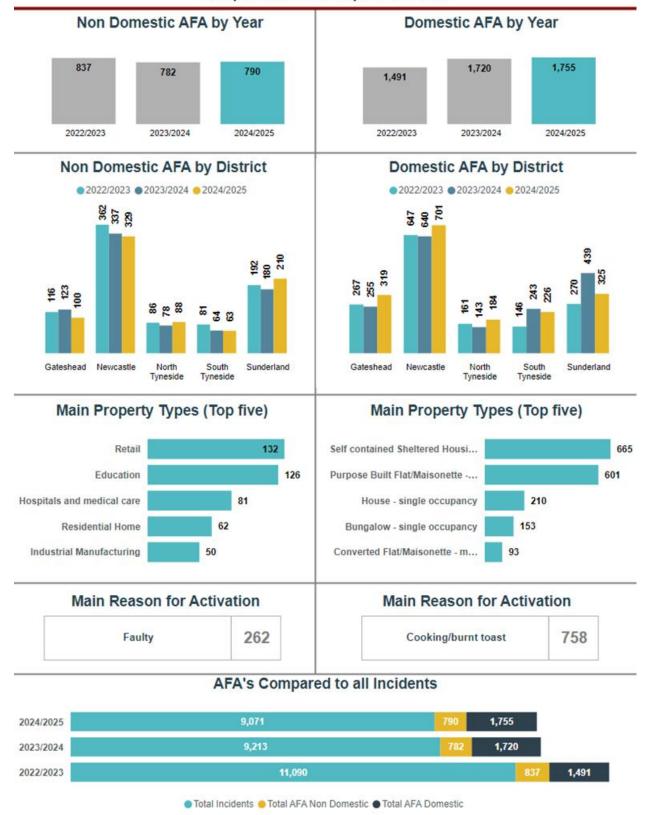
NDF Property Type (Top five)



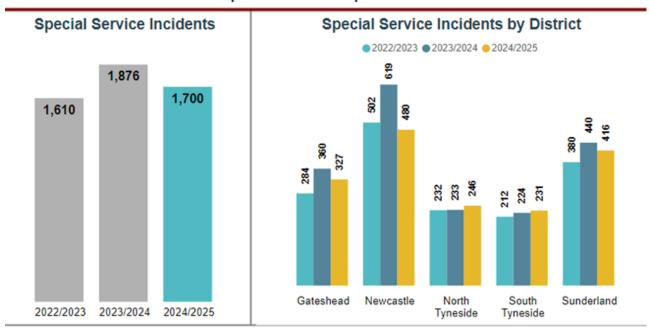
Non Domestic Fires by Motive



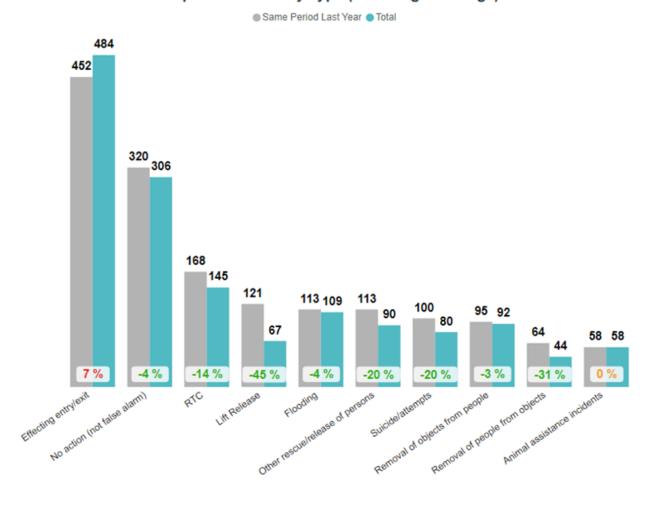
Automatic False Alarms (AFA)



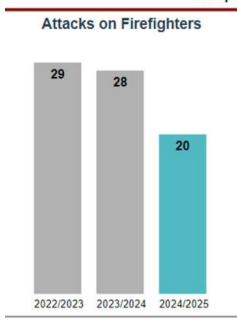
Special Service Incidents

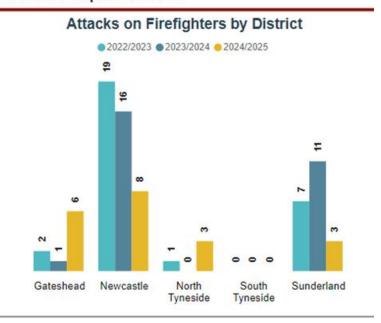


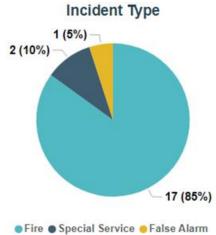
Special Service by Type (including % change)



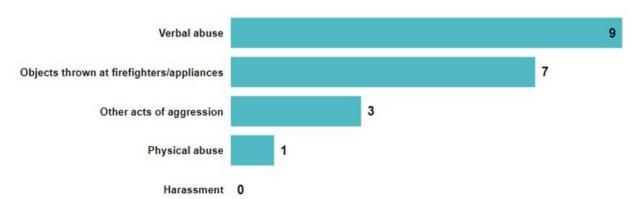
Attacks on Firefighters





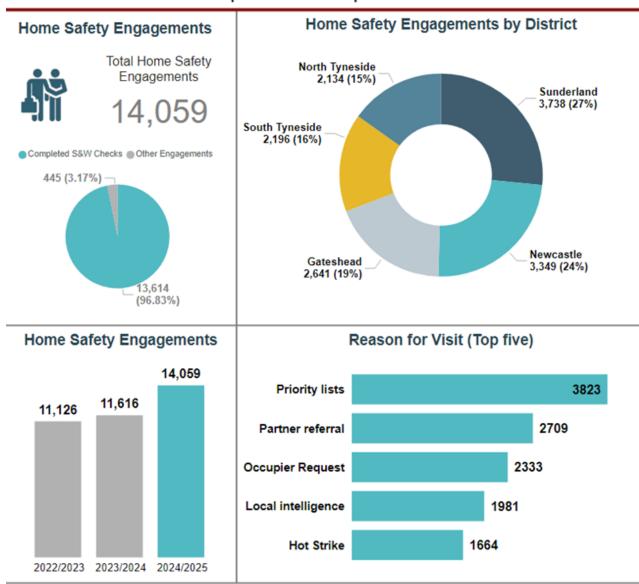




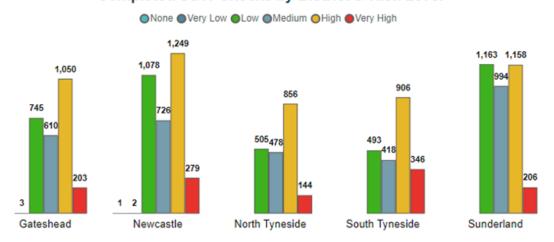


Prevention and Education Activities

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024



Completed S&W Checks by District & Risk Level



Response Times

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

Response Standard

Time = Mobilised to in Attendance (CAT1/ CAT2/ TRV)

CRMP action: To attend any life risk emergency in Tyne and Wear within 10 minutes on 90% of occasions

% of all Incidents attended within 10 Mins

2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025				
92.6 %	93.8 %	94.1 %				

Emergency Response Times

Average response time to all Incidents

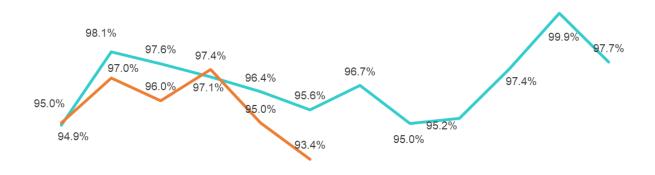
5m 39s

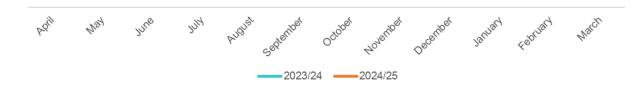
Previous 5m 37s

Average response time to Risk Level 1 Incidents

Risk Level	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
1	00:05:17	00:05:15	00:05:29

Appliance Availability





01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

Total Fire Safety Activities

3335

All Activities completed by specialist fire safety officers

2392

Healthcheck visits completed by operational crews

775

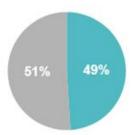
Fire Safety Audits

FSA's Completed

Yearly Target

735

1500



% Of Yearly Target Completed

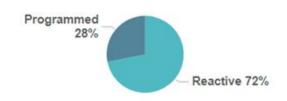
49%

Other Fire Safety Activities completed by specialist fire safety officers

1659

Examples of Activities	Number
Building Regulations Consultations	386
Complaint/ Cause for Concern	170
Desk Based Queries	174
Post Fire	90
Arson Reduction	90

Workload Disposition



Programmed

Scheduled jobs that are generated as part of our quarterly workload.

Reactive

These jobs are unplanned and can come from a variety of sources including concerns from members of the public or local authority teams, referrals from operational crews, building regulations consultations, licensing applications.

31

Prohibition Notices were served on premises where the risk to people in case of fire was so serious that it was necessary to prohibit or restrict the use of all or part of the premises until the issues had been rectified.

220

Informal Notifications were sent to premises detailing areas of non-compliance. These letters offer advice and guidance on how to remediate the deficiencies.

Note: The total number of FSAs is more than RBIP. It can include post fires, cause for concerns, unwanted fire signals etc. and also includes those completed by operational crews. The number of health check visits by operational crews does not include those where a full check could not be completed but the overall total does. Building Regulations Consultations includes both statutory and non-statutory consultations.

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

Internal performance indicators measure areas of performance that are important to us and are essential in helping us understand how well we are serving our communities. They set expectations to help managers to monitor and adapt to changing situations to assist in achieving our objectives.

The data contained in this section was ran on 15/10/2024

Internal performance highlights compared with Q2 2023/24:

- Staff sickness 4,435 shifts lost, 667 (18%) increase on Q2 2023/24.
- The main reason for shifts/days lost is non work related 'mental health'.
- 18 accidents to TWFRS personnel were reported, an increase of 3.
- 30 near miss reports were submitted to Health and Safety, a reduction of 7.
- Of the 34 vehicle accidents recorded in Q2 14 involved a pumping appliance Cat 1
- There has been a total of £657,373.94p paid in overtime costs.
- There has been a reduction of £19,716 in gas costs when compared to Q2 2023/24 and a reduction of £80,654 in electricity costs.
- Total of 17132 Emergency calls, number of calls answered in under 7 seconds 16609 (97%) from Q2 2023/24

01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

Staff Sickness Absence



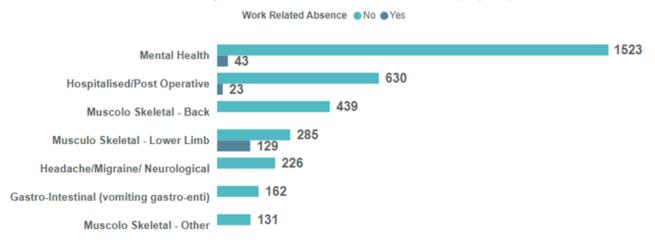


2023/2024

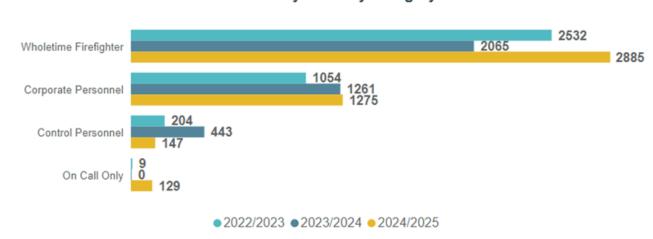
2024/2025

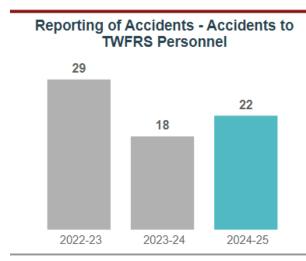
Shifts / Days Lost Main Reason for Absence (top 10)

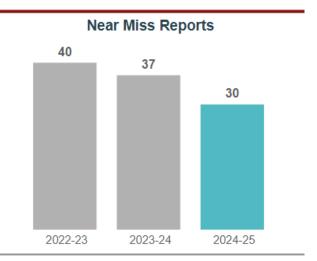
2022/2023



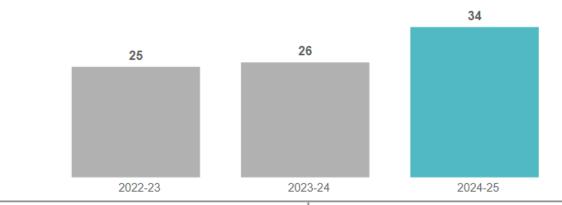




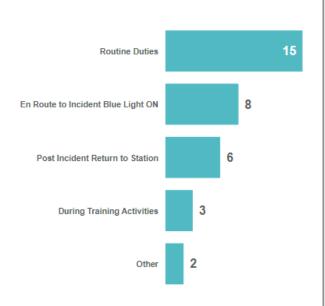




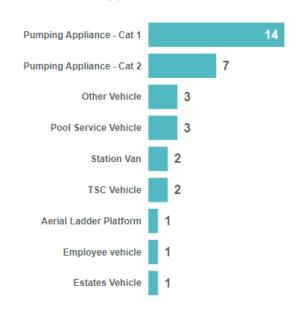
Vehicle Accidents

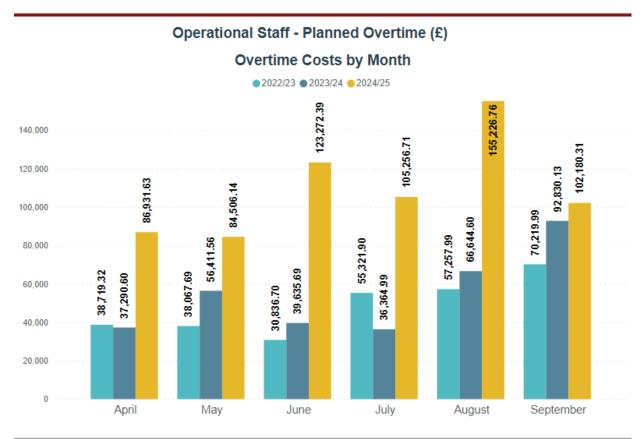


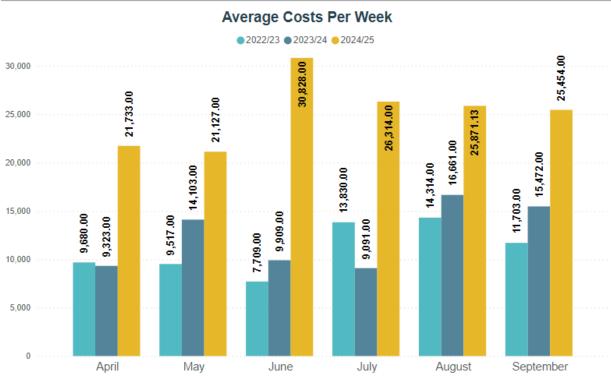
Duties at time of Vehicle Accident



Vehicle Type Involved in Accident

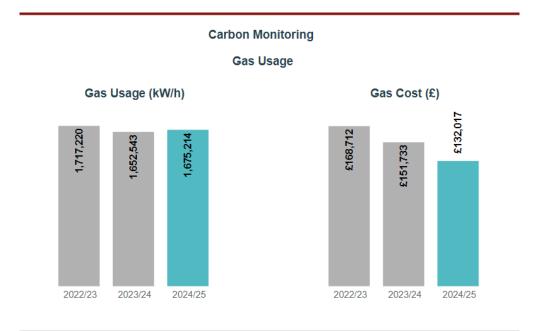




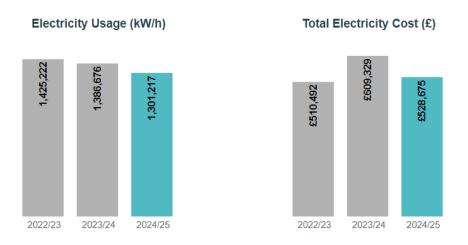


Please Note:

- Costs are shown for the month that the overtime was worked
- Overtime is paid in arrears in accordance with Payroll Attendance Records
- Costs are overtime payments only; no on costs are included



Electricity Usage



01 April 2024 to 30 September 2024

Total Emergency Calls



17132

Fiscal Year ▼	Number of Calls	Number of Calls Answered in Under 7 Seconds	%
2024/2025	17132	16609	97 %
2023/2024	16994	16433	97 %
2022/2023	21083	20176	96 %
2021/2022	16882	15808	94 %